Environmental Protection Agency

- 465.32 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.
- 465.33 New source performance standards.
- 465.34 Pretreatment standards for existing sources.
- 465.35 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

Subpart D—Canmaking Subcategory

- 465.40 Applicability; description of the canmaking subcategory.
- 465.41 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.
- 465.42 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.
- 465.43 New source performance standards.
- 465.44 Pretreatment standards for existing sources.
- 465.45 Pretreatment standards for new sources.
- 465.46 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology. [Reserved]

AUTHORITY: Secs. 301, 304 (b), (c), (e), and (g), 306 (b) and (c), 307 (b) and (c), and 501 of the Clean Water Act (the Federal Water Polution Control Act Amendments of 1972, as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977) (the "Act"); 33 U.S.C. 1311, 1314 (b), (c), (e), and (g), 1316 (b) and (c), 1317 (b) and (c), and 1361; 86 Stat. 816, Pub. L. 92–500; 91 Stat. 1567, Pub. L. 95–217.

Source: 47 FR 54244, Dec. 1, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 465.01 Applicability.

This part applies to any coil coating facility or to any canmaking facility that discharges pollutants to waters of the United States or that introduces pollutants to a publicly owned treatment works.

[48 FR 52399, Nov. 17, 1983]

§ 465.02 General definitions.

In addition to the definitions set forth in 40 CFR part 401, the following definitions apply to this part:

- (a) "Coil" means a strip of basis material rolled into a roll for handling.
- (b) "Coil coating" means the process of converting basis material strip into

coated stock. Usually cleaning, conversion coating, and painting are performed on the basis material. This regulation covers processes which perform any two or more of the three operations.

- (c) "Basis material" means the coiled strip which is processed.
- (d) "Area processed" means the area actually exposed to process solutions. Usually this includes both sides of the metal strip.
- (e) "Steel basis material" means cold rolled steel, hot rolled steel, and chrome, nickel and tin coated steel which are processed in coil coating.
- (f) "Galvanized basis material" means zinc coated steel, galvalum, brass and other copper base strip which is processed in coil coating.
- (g) "Aluminum basis material" means aluminum, aluminum alloys and aluminum coated steels which are processed in coil coating.
- (h) The term "can" means a container formed from sheet metal and consisting of a body and two ends or a body and a top.
- (i) The term "canmaking" means the manufacturing process or processes used to manufacture a can from a basic metal.
- (j) The term "Total Toxic Organics (TTO)" shall mean the sum of the mass of each of the following toxic organic compounds which are found at a concentration greater than $0.010 \ mg/1$.

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1,1-Dichloroethane

1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane

Bis (2-chloroethyl) ether

Chloroform

1,1-Dichloroethylene

Methylene chloride (dichloromethane)

Pentachlorophenol

Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate

Butyl benzyl-phthalate

Di-N-butyl phthalate

Phenanthrene

Tetrachloroethylene

Toluene

 $[47\ FR\ 54244,\ Dec.\ 1,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 48\ FR\ 52399,\ Nov.\ 17,\ 1983]$

§ 465.03 Monitoring and reporting requirements.

The following special monitoring requirements apply to all facilities controlled by this regulation.